

Economic Environment June 2012

expectation is for growth to be at very high levels in the ging economies in Asia, ially in China and India.

atin America neither Brazil nor co will take off at the same rate ose nations albeit some growth been seen

actually the world recovery is air.

Actual GDP Growth

Annual % Variation

	2010	2011	2012	202
World	5.2	3.8	3.3	
Advanced	3.2	1.6	1.2	
United States	3.0	1.8	1.8	
Euro Countries	1.9	1.6	-0.5	
Germany	3.6	3.0	0.3	
Japan	4.4	-0.9	1.7	
United Kingdom	2.1	0.9	0.6	
Canada	3.2	2.3	1.7	
Emerging	7.3	6.2	5.4	
Russia	4.0	4.1	3.3	
China	10.4	9.2	8.2	
India	9.9	7.4	7.0	
Brazil	7.5	2.9	3.0	
Movico	<u> </u>	2 0	2 5	



Annual InflationExpectations

Annualized Percentage

Average Rate of Exchange

(\$/Dollar) at close



tion in Mexico

s competitive)



Mexico in the 2011-2012 Global Competitiveness Report

	Ranking in 142 economies
-Global Index	58
-Basic Requerements	67
<u>-1st. pillar: Institutions</u>	103
-2nd pillar: Infrastructure	
-3rd pillar: Macroeconomic Stabilidad	39
4th pillar: Health and Grammar	69
-Schooling	
-Efficiency Improvers	53
5th pillar: Higher Education and	72
-Training	
6th pillar: Efficiency in the Goods	84
-Marketplace	
-7th pillar: Efficiency in the labor market	114
8th pillar: Developing the financial	83
-market	
-9th pillar: Technology Education	63
-10th pillar: Market Size	12
Innovation and Sophistication Factors	55



Source: 2011 2012 Global

co in the Doing Business maex

Comparative Reports 2010 and 2011

Category Classification 2011 2010 35 Ease to do business 41 Opening a New Business 67 90 Managing Construction 22 35 **Permits Registration of Real Property** 105 99 Getting Loans 46 44 **Protecting Investors** 44 41 **Paying Taxes** 107 106 Trade Accross Borders 58 69 Cumpliance with Agreement 81 82 Terms Closing a Company 23 24

ver, for significant – such as taxes – is still a very long way





Challenges and Strengths of Mexico

ixpartners Analysis *

- operations outside the United States & 83% by outsourcing side
- 5 of outsourcing operations in countries on the same time zone. hese, 63% have selected Mexico as their first choice VS 19% who se USA
- o establish in Mexico:
- ver transportation costs
- ed of access to the marketplace
- ping lower inventory costs
- e of administrative coordination
- American type business culture



- e main concerns when deciding on whether to set in exico
- ecurity, 38%; 45% of surveyed people feel there will be an improvement over the next 5 years; 29% think t will be similar to the current situation; and 14% believe the situation may deteriorate.
- xtending the supply chain, 17%



- lexico into the main 20 receiving countries.
- n 2011 investments amounted to 19.435 billion dollars, i.e, 9 Nore than in 2010.
- y country of origin, 55% of investments in 2011 came from the U 5% from Spain; 6.7% from the Netherlands; 6.3% from Switzerlan nd 3.4% from Canada.
- 2% of investments were posted in Mexico City (Corpora eadquarters), the State of Mexico....
- lore than 100.000 billion dollars in the 2007-2011 period.



- he maquila platform in Mexico is building h ompetitiveness of US industrial goods.
- oth countries are natural trade partners to compete as egion in the global economy.
- n spite of safety and security problems, Mexico continues to be the destination of preference to stay close to the objectiv narket.



menge. exteriaing the supply chain

- stering CENADEP: National Center for Developing IMMEX ppliers.
- corporated into our Ciudad Juárez Association
- ssion: to reinforce incubation and acceleration of domestic opliers.
- jectives:
- To be an axis in public policy for industrial and econom velopment
- to awaken domestic competitiveness
- to identify ad hoc markets for Mexican inputs.



chyc. chuchang the supply chant

- Progress over the last few weeks has been made on the ollowing integrating actions:
- Executing agreements with academic institutions
- [,] a macro project with Home Depot (15 maquila compar iudad Juarez)
- ^b business meeting for Electrolux
- n the short run, links are put together with:
- Secretariat of the Economy
- ProMéxico
- Canieti
- Cadelec
- Concamin



- 42 new suppliers
- Agreement with CONALEP
- ncubation process of nanotechnology
- Promoter for Home Depot & Continental
- ndex/Cenadep Juárez & Index/Cenadep Occidente





Why address these important challenges / opportunities ?

aquita Octici ations

sembled in Mexico

asing labor sive work le assembly

Made in Mexico

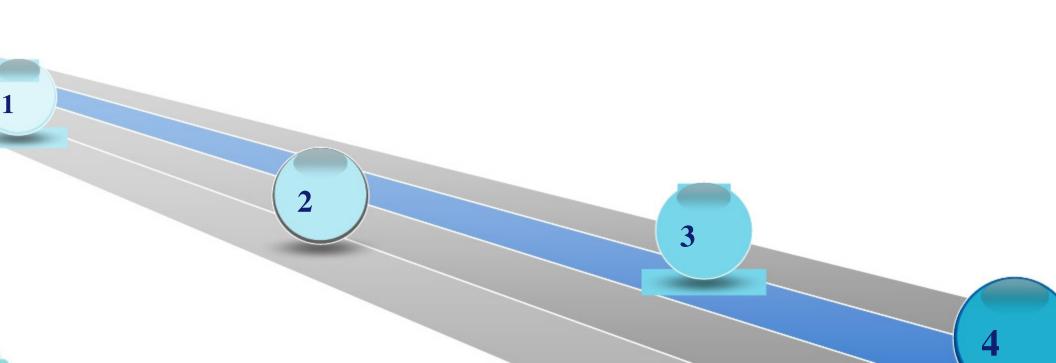
- Rationalization of labor
- Manufacturing
- Adopting new technologies.

Created in Mexico

- Increasing knowledge
- Research
- Development and design

Coordinated in Mexico

- Centralized ac coordination
- Logistics
- Autonomy
- Local supplier



io growin together ...

COMPETITIVE

- The best location near the largest aviation marketplace
- Solid intellectual property protection
- NAFTA import export facilities
- Manufacturing facilities for aeronautics company competitiveness

INTERNAL BASSIS

- To create global competitive government incentives
- Weak academic curricula
- Not strong technical training resources
- To develop a special processes of supply base: OEMs and domestic suppliers

GEOGRAPHY

- Settled logistics
- Aeroclusters
- Build supply chains into regional clusters: maintenance, repair, engineering, manufacturing, R&D, etc.

STRUCTURAL NECESSITIES

- Energy: lower costs
- Better telecommunications
- Labor reform
- Reinforce multi transportation model

- With Mexican authority, to establish regional verification offices.
- To promote the uses of the single fraction for aerospace companies, for import exports
- Develop laboratories for non destructive testing (NDT) and consolidate a network of qualified laboratories

